

VACUUM CLEANER

5 Cross-Reference to Related Application:

This application is a continuation of copending International Application No. PCT/EP02/06852, filed June 20, 2002, which designated the United States and was not published in English.

10 Background of the Invention:

Field of the Invention:

The invention relates to a vacuum cleaner equipped with running rollers.

15 United States Patent No. 4,934,017 to Kent discloses a vacuum cleaner that has running rollers. The running rollers have ribs that, extending from a hub of the running wheel, are connected to an outer running surface and provide the running roller with the necessary stability.

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Summary of the Invention:

It is accordingly an object of the invention to provide a vacuum cleaner that overcomes the hereinabove-mentioned disadvantages of the heretofore-known devices of this general 25 type and that improves the running properties of the vacuum cleaner.

With the foregoing and other objects in view, there is provided, in accordance with the invention, a vacuum cleaner, includes a housing and at least one running roller operatively connected to the housing and having a hub, a running ring, a
5 wall connecting the running ring and the hub, the wall having two side surfaces and a curved cross-section between the running ring and the hub, and at least one reinforcing rib extending at least from one of the two side surfaces of the wall and being in contact with neither the hub nor the running
10 ring in a non-loaded state of the running roller.

In the case of a vacuum cleaner according to the invention, the running rollers have a wall with a curved cross section between a running ring and a hub. The curved wall between the
15 hub and the running ring provides the running rollers with a high level of elasticity. Even if the running rollers are of a rigid material, the curved shape of the wall is capable of cushioning impact. The running rollers have a straightforward construction and are, thus, cost-effective to produce.
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In accordance with another feature of the invention, the at least one running roller is a plurality of running rollers.

In accordance with a further feature of the invention, the
25 reinforcing rib extends from the hub in a direction of the wall and are not in contact with the wall in the non-loaded

state of the running roller. In contrast, the reinforcing ribs are in contact with at least one of the hub and the running ring in a loaded state of the running roller.

- 5 In accordance with an added feature of the invention, he at least one reinforcing rib is a plurality of reinforcing ribs and the reinforcing ribs extend from the hub in a direction of the wall and are not in contact with the wall in the non-loaded state of the running roller

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- In accordance with an additional feature of the invention, there are provided reinforcing ribs disposed on at least one of the two end sides. In such a case, the reinforcing ribs each extend from the wall in the curved region thereof. The 15 reinforcing ribs provide the wall with a higher level of stability.

To not reduce the elasticity, however, the ribs are not connected to the hub or to the running ring.

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- As an alternative to the ribs being directed inward, from the curved region of the wall, to the hub, they extend, in another embodiment, from the hub and are directed toward the curved region of the wall. It is also the case here that the ribs are 25 not connected to the curved wall, in order not to reduce the elasticity.

In accordance with yet another feature of the invention, the
at least one reinforcing rib is a plurality of reinforcing
ribs extending at least from one of the two side surfaces of
5 the wall and being in contact with neither the hub nor the
running ring in a non-loaded state of the running roller.

In accordance with yet a further feature of the invention, a
particularly advantageous embodiment of the vacuum cleaner is
10 one in which the wall has an S-shaped or a Z-shaped structure
in cross-section. Such a shape, while using up only a small
amount of material, achieves a high level of elasticity.

In accordance with yet an added feature of the invention, the
15 running ring has a convex contour on its running surface. This
measure also assists the elasticity of the running rollers.

In the case of the invention, a high level of elasticity is
achieved even if use is made of a rigid material. It is, thus,
20 possible for the running roller to be produced, for example,
cost-effectively from polypropylene (PP) or one of its
copolymers.

In accordance with yet an additional feature of the invention,
25 the running ring of the running roller has a surface made of
soft/resilient material. Such a configuration gives rise to

additional damping, and it is also possible to achieve improved slipping resistance for the running roller on smooth floors. A running surface made of soft/resilient plastic material is, preferably, integrally molded on the running 5 ring. The running surface may be integrally molded on the running ring in a cost-effective manner by two-component injection molding. Suitable plastic materials that may be used, in particular, are thermoplastic elastomers (TPE) and rubber-based materials.

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In accordance with again another feature of the invention, the running ring has a depression and a resilient running surface disposed at the depression.

15 With the objects of the invention in view, in a vacuum cleaner, there is also provided a roller assembly having at least one running roller having a hub, a running ring, a wall connecting the running ring and the hub, the wall having two side surfaces, and a curved cross-section between the running 20 ring and the hub, and at least one reinforcing rib extending at least from one of the two side surfaces of the wall and being in contact with neither the hub nor the running ring in a non-loaded state of the running roller.

25 With the objects of the invention in view, there is also provided a roller, including a roller body having a hub, a

running ring, a wall connecting the running ring and the hub,
the wall having two side surfaces and a curved cross-section
between the running ring and the hub, and at least one
reinforcing rib extending at least from one of the two side
5 surfaces of the wall and being in contact with neither the hub
nor the running ring in a non-loaded state of the running
roller.

With the objects of the invention in view, there is also
10 provided a roller including a roller body having a hub, a
running ring having a convex running surface, a wall
connecting the running ring and the hub, the wall having two
side surfaces and a concertina-shaped cross-section between
the running ring and the hub, and reinforcing ribs extending
15 at least from one of the two side surfaces of the wall and
being in contact with neither the hub nor the running ring in
a non-loaded state of the running roller.

Other features that are considered as characteristic for the
20 invention are set forth in the appended claims.

Although the invention is illustrated and described herein as
embodied in a vacuum cleaner, it is, nevertheless, not
intended to be limited to the details shown because various
25 modifications and structural changes may be made therein

without departing from the spirit of the invention and within the scope and range of equivalents of the claims.

The construction and method of operation of the invention, 5 however, together with additional objects and advantages thereof, will be best understood from the following description of specific embodiments when read in connection with the accompanying drawings.

10 Brief Description of the Drawings:

FIG. 1 is a perspective view, from the front side of a running roller for a vacuum cleaner according to the invention;

15 FIG. 2 is a perspective view from the rear side of the running roller of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a cross-sectional view of the running roller of FIG. 4 along section line A-A;

20 FIG. 4 is a plan view of the rear side of the running roller of FIG. 2; and

25 FIG. 5 is a cross-sectional view of the running roller according to the invention with a running surface made of soft/resilient material.

Description of the Preferred Embodiments:

A vacuum cleaner has running rollers. Referring now to the figures of the drawings in detail and first, particularly to FIG. 1 thereof, there is shown a running roller 1 having a hub 2 through which it is connected with sliding action, or in a state in which it is mounted through ball or rolling-contact bearings, on an axle that is connected to the housing 100 of the vacuum cleaner. The running roller is of a plastic, in particular, a rigid plastic such as polypropylene, but may also be of a plastic with more pronounced elasticity. The hub 2, in the direction of the axle, has a circular protrusion 21 on its front side and a likewise circular protrusion 22 on its rear side.

The hub 2 is adjoined by a wall 3 that connects the hub 2 to a running ring 4. The wall 3 has a first region 30 that extends radially from the hub 2, on the front side, into the vicinity of a center of a radius of the running roller 1. The first region 30 is adjoined by a second region 31, which slopes from the front side to the rear side of the running roller 1. Different slopes may be selected for the first region 31. It is also possible for the second region 31 to run in a coplanar manner in relation to one of the two lateral surfaces of the hub 2 or in a coplanar manner in relation to one of the two lateral surfaces of the running ring 4.

The second region 31 is adjoined by a third region 32 (FIG. 2), which extends radially from the second region 31, on the rear side of the running roller 1, as far as the running ring 4. The wall 3, thus, connects the hub to the running ring 4 by way of its three regions 30, 31 and 32.

Ribs 5, 6 are provided to assist the stability of the running roller 1. The ribs 5 extend from the second region 31 of the wall 3 in the direction of the inner lateral surface of the running ring 4, but are not in contact therewith. It is solely in the case of pronounced loading that the ribs 5 can come into contact with the lateral surface.

The ribs 6 extend from the third region 32 of the wall 3 in the direction of the outer lateral surface of the hub 2. It is also the case that the ribs 6 are not in contact with the lateral surface of the hub 2, although they can strike against the hub 2 in the case of pronounced loading.

As an alternative to this configuration of the ribs 6, it is also possible for ribs to be disposed on the outer lateral surface of the hub 2 and to project in the direction of the second region 31 of the wall 3 without being in contact therewith, unless subjected to pronounced loading.

The running roller, preferably, has a convex running surface

41. See FIG. 3.

The curved shape of the wall 3 is either Z-shaped (see FIGS. 3

5 and 4) or S-shaped. Other curved shapes are also conceivable.

In particular, a double-S shape or a double-Z shape is also possible.

An elastic running roller 1 with a hub 2 and a running ring 4

10 is provided by the present invention. The hub 2 and the

running ring 4 are connected to one another by a wall 3 that

is curved in an S-shaped or Z-shaped manner. Ribs 5, 6 are

provided for reinforcing the wall 3 or the hub 2.

15 The running ring 4 can have a surface made of soft/resilient

material as shown in FIG. 5. A soft/resilient running surface

41 made of a suitable plastic material is integrally formed

directly on the running ring 4. It is easily possible for the

soft/resilient running surface 41 to be produced together with

20 the running roller 1 by two-component injection molding. The

running ring 4 is provided on its surface with a

circumferential depression 51, in which the soft/resilient

material is integrally formed.

25 The roller forms an elastic caster with a nave and a bearing

race. The nave and the bearing race are connected to another

by an S or Z-shaped curved wall. Ribs are provided for reinforcing the wall or the nave.